Rules relating to the nomination, appointment and removal of Trustee Directors | December 2024

Oasis Fund Management Limited ABN 38 106 045 050

Document	Extra	Extract (paragraph references are references to the paragraph numbers in the source document)		
Constitution	Арроі	Appointment and removal of Directors		
	55.	Number of Directors		
	55.1	•	to the Relevant Law, the Company may by resolution passed at a general meeting increase the mumber of Directors or increase or reduce the maximum number of Directors.	
	55.2	Until th	e Company resolves otherwise in accordance with clause 0 there will be:	
		(a)	a minimum of 2 Directors; and	
		(b)	a maximum of 8 Directors.	
	56.	No sha	re qualification	
	56.1	A Direc	tor does not have to hold any shares.	
	57.	Rules applying to Directorships		
	57.1		ause 57 applies, subject to the Relevant Law and notwithstanding anything contained in this ution to the contrary.	
		(a)	Number of Directors: the Board may decide the number of Directors;	
		· · /	Nominations for Directorship : either the Parent Company or the Company may, by notice in writing to the other, nominate a person to be a Director;	
		(c)	Appointments: a person may be appointed to be a Director:	
			(i) by the Board if the Parent Company does not object to the proposed appointment within 14 days of receiving written notice of the proposed appointment; or	
			(ii) by the Parent Company.	
		(d)	Criteria for appointment or reappointment : a person may not be appointed or reappointed to be a Director unless:	
			(i) the person has consented in writing to the appointment;	
			(ii) the person has confirmed, and the Board has resolved, that the person is not a Disqualified Person;	

		(iii) the person has disclosed any material personal interest in a matter that relates to the affairs of the Company and office or property held by the person by which, directly or indirectly, duties or interests might be created in conflict with their duties as Director in accordance with and as required by the Relevant Law; and
		 (iv) the Board has resolved that the person satisfies the requirements of the Company's Fit and Proper Policy and any other policies that may be determined by the Board from time to time pursuant to clause 4;
	(e)	Chairperson : if the Company is the trustee of an RSE, the chairperson of the Board must be an Independent Director; and
	(f)	Composition of the Board : unless determined by unanimous resolution of the Board, the majority of the Directors on the Board must be Independent Directors; and
	(g)	Requirements to be appointed as an Independent Director : a person must not be appointed, or reappointed, as an Independent Director, unless the Board has resolved that the person is 'Independent' in accordance with any requirements or policy that may be determined by the Board from time to time and pursuant to clause 4.
58.	Period	I of office
	A Dire	ctor will continue to hold office until they die or until their office is vacated under clause 59.
59.	Vacati	on of office
59.1	The of	fice of a Director immediately becomes vacant pursuant to this Constitution if the Director:
	(a)	ceases to be a Director by virtue of the Relevant Law;
	(b)	is a Disqualified Person or otherwise becomes prohibited by the Relevant Law from holding office or continuing as a Director;
	(c)	is or has been insolvent under administration within the previous 5 years.
	(d)	is prohibited by the Relevant Law from holding office or continuing as a Director;
	(e)	is liable to pay a call but does not pay the call within 21 days after the date on which it is payable;
	(f)	is prohibited from holding or is removed from the office of Director by an order made under the Relevant Law;
	(g)	becomes bankrupt or makes any general arrangement or composition with their creditors;
	(h)	cannot fully participate in the management of the Company because of their mental incapacity;

Proper Policy and any other policies that may be determined by the Board from time to time pursua to clause 4;	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
 (k) is removed under this Constitution; (l) was appointed to the office for a specified period and that period expires; (m) pursuant to a resolution of the Board, no longer satisfies the requirements of the Company's Fit and Proper Policy and any other policies that may be determined by the Board from time to time pursua to clause 4; (n) holds the office of an Independent Director and, pursuant to a resolution of the Board, the person n longer satisfies the criteria for being 'Independent' unless the Board resolves, with the prior written consent of the Parent Company, that the Director does not vacate the office; or (o) becomes in the opinion of the Directors incapable of performing their duties. 59.2 Unless otherwise stated, and subject to the Relevant Law, the Parent Company may, by notice to the Company, remove any Director from office. 3. Board structure and operation 3.1. Composition and membership Size and composition (a) The Board decides the size and composition of the Board. It must take into account the following: The terms of the Company's constitution. Note: As at the date of this Charter, under the constitution the number of directors must be between 2 and 8 and the majority must be independent directors (clauses 55 and 57). 		(i)	administration of estates of persons who through mental or physical infirmity are incapable of
 (I) was appointed to the office for a specified period and that period expires; (m) pursuant to a resolution of the Board, no longer satisfies the requirements of the Company's Fit and Proper Policy and any other policies that may be determined by the Board from time to time pursua to clause 4; (n) holds the office of an Independent Director and, pursuant to a resolution of the Board, the person in longer satisfies the criteria for being 'Independent' unless the Board resolves, with the prior written consent of the Parent Company, that the Director does not vacate the office; or (o) becomes in the opinion of the Directors incapable of performing their duties. 59.2 Unless otherwise stated, and subject to the Relevant Law, the Parent Company may, by notice to the Company, remove any Director from office. 3. Board structure and operation 3.1. Composition and membership Size and composition (a) The Board decides the size and composition of the Board. It must take into account the following: The terms of the Company's constitution. Note: As at the date of this Charter, under the constitution the number of directors must be between 2 and 8 and the majority must be independent directors (clauses 55 and 57).		(j)	resigns from the office of Director by notice in writing to the Company;
 (m) pursuant to a resolution of the Board, no longer satisfies the requirements of the Company's Fit and Proper Policy and any other policies that may be determined by the Board from time to time pursuan to clause 4; (n) holds the office of an Independent Director and, pursuant to a resolution of the Board, the person no longer satisfies the criteria for being 'Independent' unless the Board resolves, with the prior written consent of the Parent Company, that the Director does not vacate the office; or (o) becomes in the opinion of the Directors incapable of performing their duties. 59.2 Unless otherwise stated, and subject to the Relevant Law, the Parent Company may, by notice to the Company, remove any Director from office. 3. Board structure and operation 3.1. Composition and membership Size and composition (a) The Board decides the size and composition of the Board. It must take into account the following: The terms of the Company's constitution. Note: As at the date of this Charter, under the constitution the number of directors must be between 2 and 8 and the majority must be independent directors (clauses 55 and 57). 		(k)	is removed under this Constitution;
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Regulatory requirements (including the Corporations Act and APRA prudential standards).			
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Note: As at the date of this Charter, under the Corporations Act the minimum number of directors for a public company three (section 201A (2)) and for a proprietary company it is one (section 201A (1)).			te: As at the date of this Charter, under the Corporations Act the minimum number of directors for a public company is ree (section 201A (2)) and for a proprietary company it is one (section 201A (1)).
The needs of the Board having regard to the size and complexity of the business and strategy.			• The needs of the Board having regard to the size and complexity of the business and strategy.
The Board periodically reviews the number of directors and assesses whether the size of the Board support effective functioning and decision-making.			ne Board periodically reviews the number of directors and assesses whether the size of the Board supports fective functioning and decision-making.
Note: As at the date of this Charter, the Board has decided that the target size for the Board is six members.		Nz	te: As at the date of this Charter, the Roard has decided that the target size for the Roard is six members

	Skills	
	(b)	The Board must comprise directors with an appropriate range of knowledge, qualifications and experience from a range of backgrounds.
	Indep	endence
	(c)	The Board must comprise a majority of independent directors. The Board must assess the independence of each non-executive director in accordance with the independence assessment criteria. This must be done on appointment and at least annually. The criteria are set out in the Board Nominations & Remuneration policy.
	Direc	tor processes and Board renewal
	(d)	The Board is responsible for processes for the appointment, induction and ongoing development and performance assessment of directors. It is also responsible for performance assessment of the Board and Board renewal. These processes are set out in the Board Nominations & Remuneration policy.
Board Nominations &	2.	Nomination of non-executive directors
Remuneration Policy	a.	For appointments by the Board, the Group Nominations Committee assesses candidates for recommendation to the Board for appointment. The recommendation is subject to no objection by the IFL Board before appointment. Any appointment by the IFL Board is subject to consultation with the Board before the appointment is made.
	b.	In the case of appointment, candidates are assessed paying particular attention to the mix of skills, experience, expertise, diversity (see below) and other qualities of existing directors. How the candidate's attributes will balance and complement those qualities is taken into account.
		The process includes consideration of the following.
		Selection criteria, having regard to the Board skills matrix.
		An assessment of independence of the candidate (see below).
		Fit and proper analysis, including background checks.
		Current and past associations of candidates.
		The appropriateness of other directorships.
		• The ability of the candidate to meet the time commitment required (as advised to the candidate) and receipt of an acknowledgement from the candidate that they will have sufficient time to fulfill their responsibilities as a director.
	с.	In the case of re-appointment, the assessment process takes into account an assessment of independence of the director, a fit and proper analysis, annual performance reviews and the length of tenure of the director.

		The constitution sets out the parameters for the composition of the Board and appointment of non-executive directors, as well as the circumstances in which a director ceases to hold office (including through removal).
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	3.1.	Constitution
Board Governance Framework	3.	Board composition, non-executive directors and processes
	с.	If a dispute arises about the nomination, appointment, re-appointment or removal of a director, the matter will be referred to the Group Nominations Committee for consideration. The Committee will recommend an appropriate course of action to the Board. The usual voting procedures in the constitution and Group Conflicts of Interest Policy apply for the appointment, re-appointment and removal of any director.
	b.	A director is appointed for an initial term of 4 years. A director's appointment ends in the circumstances set out in the constitution (including as to removal).
	a.	A new director receives an appointment letter and a deed of indemnity. The matters covered by the letter include termination and resignation, the time commitment, fees and expenses, code of conduct, confidentiality, and insurance.
	5.	Appointment, term and disputes
	d.	The Group Nominations Committee may generate a list of candidates with input from the CEO, directors and the Board, or use the services of an executive search firm to develop a list. An executive search firm may also be used to assist in the assessment of candidates.
		This includes considering whether the director has served on the Board for a period that could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with their ability to act in the best financial interests of beneficiaries.

	The Board Nominations & Remuneration Policy also sets out requirements for induction and ongoing professional development, outside appointments and remuneration, as well as performance assessments, succession planning and renewal.
3.4.	Other governance documents
	The other policies referenced above and Board Committee terms of reference outline specific responsibilities and provide additional detail. This includes the following policies relevant to Board composition and processes:
	 The Responsible Persons Fit and Proper Policy - this forms part of the Company's risk management framework set out in the Risk Management Strategy and sets out the policy and processes for managing risks relating to the fitness and propriety of responsible persons, including non-executive directors; and
	 The Group Conflicts Management Policy - this sets out the policy and processes relating to management of conflicts. In addition, the Chief Member Officer is responsible for supporting the Board fulfil its fiduciary obligations by advocating for the best financial interests of beneficiaries.